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Naples, June 9.

THE Gallies of this Kingdom are fitting out with all diligence, so soon as they are ready, they will sail for *Palermo*, to join the seven Spanish Men of War that are there, and pass with them for *Catalonia*. Orders are come from *Spain*, not only to send thither all the Troops which can be spared in *Sicily*, but likewise those that are at present quartered in *Calabria*. Our Viceroy has made a Contract with the Sieur *Aricy*, who is to advance 200 thousand Crowns, upon the Duty raised upon Corn. The fears we were in for *Raguſa*, are now past, for we have an Account from thence, that the difference between the Port and that Republick is made up, by the latters paying 180 thousand Crowns.

Venice, June 17. The Troops which were designed to be employed against the *Raguſians*, are now, by Command of the Grand Visier, marching to join the Army, which marches against the *Moscovites*, but very slowly, for the Grand Signior diverts himself with Hunting, and sometimes continues 5 or 6 dayes at one place, but this many look upon as a pretence only to amuse the world, and that the secret reason of the Armies marching so slowly, is to see the effect of the endeavors that are said to be underhand using, to compose the matters in difference with the *Moscovites*; and if this be so, it must then necessarily follow, that the *Turks* have their eye some other way.

Legorn, June 18. Some dayes since Sir *John Narborough* came to an Anchor in this Port with ten Frigats, and about 24 Merchantmen, he found here four Frigats more, and 25 Merchantmen, which he will Convoy part of their way home, and then, as is believed, stand over to *Argiers*. From *Naples* they write, that the Prince *de Gonzague*, Viceroy of *Sicily*, studying how to restore the Trade to *Messina*, which hath been very much lost, during the late Troubles, hath declared that City a free Port.

Vienna, June 28. The Rebels in *Hungary* are together in a considerable Body not far from *Caschaw*, and seem encouraged with the hopes they have that the *Turks* will turn their Forces towards *Hungary*; which if any reliance may be had in the repeated assurances of the *Port*, to maintain inviolably the present friendship and good correspondence between the two Empires, they will find themselves disappointed in; and we have the more reason to believe they will be so, because the Letters from *Moscovy* say, that there is very small appearance of an Accommodation between them and the *Turks*, and that they are making very great preparations for the War, which is intended to be carried on on the part of the *Moscovites*, with all the vigor and force they are capable.

Copenhagen, July 3. Since the News we had, that the *Suedes* Fleet was put into *Calmar*, we have not any thing from Sea; our Fleet, under the command of Admiral *Juels*, will continue on the Coast of *Sueden*, to hinder the passage of any men or provisions from thence to *Pomeren*, where the Forces of the Elector of *Brandenburgh*, and the Dukes of *Lunenburgh*, are preparing to take the Field, and we are assured they will advance directly to *Straelsond*, and attack that place. We are in a continual expectation of hearing that the Sieur *Guldenlieu* has taken the strong Fortress of *Bahus*, for the last Letters the King received from him, advised, that he was advanced very far in the Siege, and that he hoped by his next to give his Majesty a good account of the place. Though the report still continues of the *Suedes* having within these few dayes made an Attack upon *Christianstadt*, and of their having been repulsed therein, yet there is not any certainty; and we have great reason to believe that this Account is not better grounded, than that we have had formerly of the same kind.

Hamburgh, July 5. From *Berlin* they write, that his Electoral Highness of *Brandenburgh* had given the necessary Orders, in order to his taking the field, which its expected our next Letters from those Parts will give us an account of. The *Lunenburg* Troops have already begun to quit their quarters, and are marching to the place appointed for their Rendezvous. We have not of late had any knowledge of what passes in *Sueden*, the Communication with that Kingdom, by reason of the interruption of the Posts, being at present so very difficult. That their Fleet has been at Sea, we have from several Masters of Vessels who met it, and were on Board some of their Ships; but whether they are put again into *Calmar*, as they write from *Denmark*, we have not any information of from any where else. The Advices from *Dantzick*, and those Parts, speak only of the War which is going to break out between the *Turks* and the *Moscovites*, for which both Parties have made very great preparations, by which means the *Suedes* will be at ease in *Livonia*, and might employ the Forces they have in that Countrey elsewhere, and particularly against the Elector of *Brandenburgh* in *Prussia*, could they obtain passage through the Territories of the Crown of *Poland*, or the Duke of *Courland*, which has been hitherto refused them.

Mentz, July 3. Several Troops of the Princes of the Empire, being the Quota's they are to furnish, are marching towards *Hailbron*, where they will receive Orders from the Duke of *Lorrain* how to proceed, in order to their joining the Imperial Army, which, according to the last Advices we have from it, was encamped at *Stauffen*, about three Leagues from *Friburg*. The three Regiments of *Saxony*, which are on the other side of the *Moselle* and the *Saar*, are advanced farther into the Countrey of *Luxemburg*.

Hague, July 8. We are expecting to hear from *Nimeguen*, what Answer the *French* Ambassadors there, will have Orders from their King to make, to the Representations of our Ambassadors, in pursuance of the last Resolution of the States, in the matter concerning the quitting the Towns in *Flanders*,